Solve multiplication and division problems	Use understanding of place	Understand unit fractions, such as 1/2 or	Tell and write time to the nearest	Recognize similarities and
using a variety of strategies. Solve word problems using multiplication and division within 100. Identify and explain patterns in arithmetic such as the connection between multiplication and division. Fluently multiply and divide within 100.	value to round whole numbers. Multiply single digit whole numbers by 10. Fluently add and subtract within 1000 using strategies involving place value.	1/3; represent unit fractions on a number line by dividing one whole into 2 or 3 parts. Understand that fractions such as 2/3 are represented as 2 segments of 1/3. Recognize that fractions with the same endpoint on a number line are equivalent. Generate simple equivalent fractions. Compare two fractions based on their sizes.	minute. Solve word problems involving elapsed time. Measure and estimate volume and size in standard units. Generate and represent data in a variety of ways. Understand area of a rectangle and how it relates to multiplication and addition. Understand perimeter as the measure of the sides of a figure.	differences between shapes, for example, how squares compare to rectangles. Break apart shapes into equal areas represented by fractions (e.g., the diagonals of a square divide it evenly into four equal parts).
Show multiplication and division in a variety of ways. Solve multiplication and division problems with a variety of unknowns (3×=12, 3×4=,×4=12). Extend knowledge using properties of operations (e.g., if students know a fact such as 8x4=32 then they also know 4x8=32, 32 8 = 4 and 32 4 = 8).	Deepen understanding of place value using base 10 blocks and other manipulatives. Understand how moving from one place value to another is like multiplying or dividing by 10.	Understand that a fraction is a whole broken up into equal parts. Solve problems that require expressing fractions as fair-sharing. Explain why two fractions are equivalent ~ XPXU ^: µ•š](Ç ÁZÇ ílî] Explore real-world situations that involve comparisons with fractions (e.g., 1/3 of a cake is larger than 1/4 of the same cake).	Solve word problems involving addition and subtraction of time intervals using clocks or number lines. Solve word problems involving mass and volume using scales or drawings. Conduct real-world experiments to collect and interpret data. Represent data as bar graphs, and line plots. Engage in tasks that involve covering regions with unit squares to find area.	Sort and classify shapes and describe their groupings in geometric terms. Use manipulatives and drawings to represent unit fractions as equally divided areas.
Ask your child to divide snacks into baggies in equal portions. •I 〈μ •š]} v• •μ Ζ •W ^/(ñ hold six bagels each, how many bagels are š Ζ Œ M _ X	 I] v P (μ • š] } v • • μ Z] P] š] •] v š Z Z μ v · î U ó ò ð M _ • I v μ u Œ Œ] ο • c 11 hundreds, 23 tens, and 15 } v • X t Z } u / M _ Write a four digit number and • I U ^, } Á u v Ç š Z } μ š Z Œ M , μ v Œ • M c 	Providing opportunities to help in the kitchen by cutting fruits and vegetables into equal parts. Ask questions about the size of a serving and compare servings.	Ask your child, _t Z š š]u]• What time will it be when we eat]vv Œ]v šZŒ Z}µO Measure weight on a scale and record data on a two-column chart. Calculate perimeter and area in the garden or other areas of your home.	Cut or fold a piece of paper and name the resulting fractional parts using halves, fourths, eights, thirds, and sixths. Have your Z]o P} }v ^^, µvš_]v Ç}µŒ Z}u V shapes, ask questions about how the shapes are the same or different.